## Algebra Qualifying Exam January 7, 2014

Do all seven problems. Each problem is worth 10 points. No questions may be asked during the exam. If a problem appears ambiguous to you, interpret it in a way that makes sense to you but not in a way that makes it trivial.

- 1. Let k be a positive integer. **Prove**: No group of order  $2^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 19^k$  is simple. (Note: If you use the Classification of Finite Simple Groups, you should prove it.)
- 2. Let  $\mathbb{F}_3$  be the finite field with 3 elements.
  - (a) Show that the quotient ring  $K = \mathbb{F}_3[x]/(x^2+1)$  is a finite field with 9 elements.
  - (b) Show that the map  $\phi: K \to K$ ,  $\phi(z) = z^3$  is an automorphism of K, and find all other automorphisms of the field K.
  - (c) By explicitly giving a generator, show that  $K^{\times}$  is a cyclic group.
- 3. Let B be a commutative ring and A a subring of B (so that  $1 \in A$ ). An element x of B is said to be *integral* over A if x satisfies an equation of the form

$$x^{n} + a_{1}x^{n-1} + \dots + a_{n} = 0$$

where the  $a_i$  are elements of A. You may assume that the set C of elements of B which are integral over A is a subring of B containing A. We say that B is *integral* over A if C = B. Suppose that B is integral over A.

- (a) Let  $\mathfrak{b}$  be an ideal of B and  $\mathfrak{a} = A \cap \mathfrak{b}$ . Prove that  $B/\mathfrak{b}$  is integral over  $A/\mathfrak{a}$ .
- (b) Prove that the field of fractions of B is integral over the field of fractions of A.
- (c) Suppose further that  $A \subseteq B$  are integral domains. Prove that B is a field if and only if A is a field.
- (d) Let  $\mathfrak{q}$  be a prime ideal of B and let  $\mathfrak{p} = \mathfrak{q} \cap A$ . Prove that  $\mathfrak{q}$  is maximal if and only if  $\mathfrak{p}$  is maximal.

- 4. Let k be a positive integer.
  - (a) Prove that if  $k \ge 2$ , then  $(2^{k-1}+1)^2 \equiv 1 \pmod{2^k}$ .
  - (b) Determine, with proof, the set of all positive integers k such that  $(\mathbb{Z}/2^k\mathbb{Z})^{\times}$  is cyclic.
- 5. Let  $f(x) \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$  be an irreducible cubic polynomial, and let K be a splitting field of f(x) over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Suppose that the Galois group  $\operatorname{Aut}(K/\mathbb{Q})$  is of order 3.
  - (a) Show that K is isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Q}[x]/(f(x))$ .
  - (b) Show that K is isomorphic to a subfield of the field of real numbers.
- 6. Let G be a group. Recall that if  $h, k \in G$ , then the *commutator* of h and k is defined as  $[h, k] = hkh^{-1}k^{-1}$ . The commutator subgroup of G is

$$G' = \langle [h,k] : h,k \in G \rangle.$$

- (a) **Prove**: G' is a characteristic subgroup of G.
- (b) **Prove**: If  $n \ge 5$  and  $G = S_n$ , then  $G' = A_n$ .
- 7. Prove that  $\mathbb{Q}[x,y]/(y^2-x^3)$  is isomorphic to the ring  $\mathbb{Q}[t^2,t^3]$ .